

**From:** Ed Saipetch  
**To:** Microsoft ATR  
**Date:** 1/23/02 10:18am  
**Subject:** Microsoft Settlement

Hi,

I am writing to tell you that I disagree with the Microsoft settlement terms.

I believe that the Proposed Final Judgement in United States vs. Microsoft is shortsighted and overly broad in many of the limitations set for Microsoft. Microsoft has been known for its "Embrace and Extend" philosophy and some of the clauses in the judgement will allow them to do that again.

The proposed judgement applies to "Windows", however it does not define products that Microsoft is developing that may extend their monopoly such as Windows CE, Pocket PC, or their X-Box platform.

Also the settlement states that it requires API documentation however competitors are not allowed to use it to help make their operating systems compatible with Windows.

These clauses just show how loopholes have been created within the settlement that allows Microsoft to escape its grasps with technicalities.

To level the playing field with their competitors, Microsoft should be required to publish a complete documentation of all their Windows (\*and related products) API's. This does not allow people to steal their technology but to \*interface\* into it so they can develop products for Windows. What is going to stop them from having API's that have been performance-crippled and API's that only they use which aren't?

Another suggestion mentioned by the GNU organization is allowing them to only use patents for defense. Even if they are allowed to release specifications on their products, what is going to keep them from going after companies for developing things remotely like their products. Right now Embrace & Extend has kept them ahead but if they are not allowed to use this tactic against competitors, what's going to stop them from suing them?

One last comment... It seems that section III(J)(2) contains statements that are pinned against not-for-profit organizations. According to that section it isn't necessary for them to describe, license, document API's and protocols affecting authentication or authorization to companies that don't meet Microsoft's standards as a business. I don't understand how Microsoft is able to determine that criteria... It appears that their own standards of running a business counter that of the U.S. government's.

They seem to constantly be saying that Linux is a threat to them as well as Open Source projects in general, this allows them to not give their API's for authentication away to a competitor.

This mail may not mean much but hopefully someone will understand just as Judge Thomas Penfield Jackson did, that Microsoft interested in their own best interests, not the public's. The company has been permitted to stifle innovation and contribute to competitors demise.

Thank you for your time.

Sincerely,

Ed Saipetch  
Indianapolis, IN